By Telegraph

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

EXECUTIVE MANHON, WASHINGTON, July 12.

DEAR SIR—Through the press I learn that the committee of Congress investigating whisky frauds have summoned you as a witness, and that you, with great propriety, as I think, have declined to testify, claiming that what occurs in

THE SILVER COIN BILL.

The Silver coin sill.

The House conference committee's report on the silver coin bill was presented to-day. It omits all allusion to the silver dollar and to making it a legal tender. Mr. Landers, one of the House conference committee, opposed that part of the report.

THE RESUMPTION ACT.

The Banking and Currency Committee this morning postponed action upon the specie resumption question until next Monday. The Democrats of the Com-

ADJOURNMENT TALK.

Desperate Characters |Arrested

NEWARK, N. J., July 13.—To-day three young Germans, brothers, named Fichorn, who have been known as despe-rate characters for years, were arrested by police, officers Dickerson and Elsdon for disorderly conduct. As the officers attempted to make the

proving in health.

To Hon. B. H. Briston:

WHEELING, WEST VA., FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1876.

VOLUME XXIV-NUMBER 278.

The Intelligencer.

THE Moundaville Reporter of yesterday publishes the address of J. Dallas Ewing, to the American papers and the few members of the President's Cabi-Eq., to the American people down there net whose appointment was well received on the Fourth of July. We are sorry to by the public. Rightly or wrongly, that see that Dallas alienated the patriotic official is credited with important reform romen of Marshall county by addressing in the Postal Service. He is supposed to his audience as "ladies and fellow-countrymen," just as though the fair mother and daughters of that good old county fore. He is known as "Fast Mail Jewell. were all foreigners and had really no If it was not for the atrocity of the pun heritage in the Fourth of July. That will never do, Dallas. Don't you know garded as the jewel of the Cabinet after that the Goddess of Liberty is an Amertary of the Navy?

AT last Peter Cooper, the Greenback andidate for President, has a newspaper advocate in West Virginia. The Parersburg Times of the 12th comes square out for him, and hoists his name at the head of its columns. The Times is an independent paper with Republican pro-clivities, and is edited by Mr. E. T. Dra hosh, a gentleman well known to many persons, especially Germans, in this city It seems to us that the example of the Times affords a leadership for the Steubenville Gazette to follow. The Gazette is

during the last forty years. The tables are made up of two parts-first, the "ne loss," which covers only the action of officers and agents, second, the "gros loss," which embraces the double hand ting of money, the negotiation and receipts of loans, &c. The table below is made up on this plan :

Administration.	per \$1,000.	ber
Jackson (last term)	11.15	
Van Buren (Florida was)26,19	
Harrison and Tyler	14.49	
Polk	10.85	
Taylor and Fillmore	8.16	
Pierce (Mexican war)	6.91	
Buchapap	8.77	
Lincoln (Robellion)	2.07	
Lincoln and Johnson	1.80	
Grant (first term)	1.19	
Grant (second term)	I 01	
Grant (second term)		
A second table g	ives the los	a on

thousand dollars in the different depart

141	Wer	Savy	Indiana	Pendons	Customs	fat. Rer.
Jackson	13,60	10.53	10.70	1 65	17,76	
Van Baren	5.48	4.14	352	9,00	3.93	*****
Harrison, Tyler	2,35	2.17	2 31	1.74	3,23	
Polk	8.44	8.45	2.31	11.64	.00	****
Taylor, Fillmore	9,26	3.85	6 08	.15	1.10	****
Pierce	6,65	7.42	3,36	3,54	.53	*****
Buchanan	3,25	3,49	68 50	1.01	.21	
Lincoln	1,36	31.43	10.37	1.27	.10	31.3
Johnsin	.92	.81	3.91	1.00	.36	2.1
Grant	.97	2.10	.86	1,90	.62	1.4
Grant	,28	.50	.17	*****	.01	1,3

he Removal of Jewell.

A special dispatch to yesterday's Cin son for the removal of the late Post master-General, as follows :

"The immediate cause of the change "The immediate cause of the change as made yesterday, was a desire to make a move that could help matters in Indiana, or rather prevent the retirement of Mr. Pratt from doing damage there. It had come to be understood that Mr. Pratt would not submit to certain removals which the President had fully the product a rate and that he would nined to make, and that he would retire in consequence. To neutralize the effect of this in Indiana, the removal of Jewell and the promption of Typer to a Cabinet position was at once decided

We adhere to our opinion expres upon the first receipt of the news, that mere political considerations will no ctorily account for this act on the part of the President. It is contrary to his well known method of doing business He did not remove Casey, the Collector whole country would have been gratified by his removal. He did not squelch Leet, Stocking & Co., at New York, until after their squelching was clamorously and long demanded by the public there and alsowhere He would not remove Tom Murphy, the Collector, of New York, when there was such a vigorous outery against keeping him in office. He appointed Simmons to be Collector at Bos-ton when nobody in Massachusetts scarcely, save Ben Butler, wanted him He permitted his sor Fred a new fledged second lieutenan from West Point, to be made Lieutenant-Colonel on Sheridan's staff, over the heads of old officers, when the whole pointed Boss Shepherd to a high and responsible position in the government of the District of Columbia, when the appointment was so notoriously offensive that the Sense. confirm it. He appointed Fisher to be United States Attorney for Delawarewas compelled, at last to withdraw the nomination. He kept Deleno in his Cabinet when he dught to have been turned ont, and he tried to have Williams made Chief Justice of the United States in disregard of all the proprieties of that high position.

Interest Convention.

Washington, D. C., July 18.—The morning and after considering the President's report an Executive Board was organized by electing Mority Loth President, Julius Trieberg Vice President, Lipman Levy Secretary, and Talmon Levy Treasurer. of that high position.

And so we might go on enumerating in stance after instance in which the President has shown that he is not influenced either by considerations of public policy or the good of the Republican party, in making removals or appointments. It is secretary, after which the convention adjourned size die. stance after instance in which the Presian unfortunate feature of his character

not to divine them further than to say that they are most likely of a per sonal character. We are not willing, after all that has happen-ed, to take for granted that they

lican party. It is ridiculous to suppose that such a procedure can help the Rehave given the country a more expeditious mail system than it ever enjoyed be Mr. Bristow left it. Why then was h so summarily ejected, and Robeson, who is under a cloud, still retained as Secre-

Truly the ways of President Grant ar past finding ont. He is the great Ameri-can Sphinx. "Grand, gloomy and peculiar, he sits upon his throne, a sceptered hermit, wrapped in the solithde of his own

Among the speakers at Morgantov on the Fourth was Rev. J. R. Thompson formerly of this city, whose remarks ar thus referred to by the Morgantown Post

now sitting on the fence, without a limb to roest on. Why not fly up at once into the greenback tree, and, taking up a position there, call upon all the fowls of the air to come and roost likewise amidst the green branches and green leaves of the greenback tree.

A TREASURY statement has just been printed in reply to a call from the Senate, whereof the salient points are printed in a letter to the Toledo Blade, showing the losses by defaulting officers, thefts, frauds, &c., which the Government has sustained luring the last of the salient points are printed in a letter to the Toledo Blade, showing the losses by defaulting officers, thefts, frauds, &c., which the Government has sustained luring the last of the salient points are printed in a letter to the Toledo Blade, showing the losses by defaulting officers, thefts, frauds, &c., which the Government has sustained "The oration of Rev. J. R. Thompson

WE learn that 33 cents is now offere

for wool in Wheeling.

C. M. Hogg, of Cadiz, bought the woo out about Richmond at 32 cents.—Slew beaville Gazette of yesterday,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Lunatic In the Peace Conver

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—The session of the Universal Peace Society, at Carpenter Hall, this morning, came to summary and very peculiar termination resistance driving non-resistance to the ce driving non-resistance to the About noon, Dr. Chas. Pinkhan of California, began to address the meeting. His manner was excited, and hiremarks were wild and disconnected. soon became manifest that he was insan and calls to order were heard from a points. President Love insisted that t speaker be allowed to proceed, and Pinkham went on, becoming more Pinkham went on, becoming more an more excited and violent until at lengt he sprang upon a chair brandishing sword in a furious manner. At thi point seweral of the members went out after the police, and several officers came to remove the disturber, but Presiden Love insisted that he should not be in terfered with and the principle of non resistance be consistently adhered to ind there was a consequent clearing of he hall. Pinkham's wife remaine st deliver it no matter what happened A large crowd from the outside gathered and there was great excitement. At length Mr. Pinkham became quiet and said in explanation that he had been length Mr. Pinkham became quite assid in explanation that he had beer possessed by the immortal spirit of washington, but had at last succeeded it shaking the spirit. The spirit he explained had attempted, through him, to pronounce a new declaration of peace.

pronounce a new declaration of peace.

The convention will re-assemble at 2 o'clock. There is great dissatisfaction a President Love's course to-day and here tofore, and the members say that if heccupies the chair to-morrow there will be another decay. which the fourth conference committee are making only slow progress toward possible adjustment. be no attendance.

DIED.

Col. Robert Gray, largely engaged in the brewery business here, died early this morning at his residence. NEW DISEASE.

The horses here are quite generally af-flicted with a disease known as the pink-eyed distemper, something like the epizootic. The disease has prevailed sometime, but seems to be spreading now and considerable apprehension is felt. OAPRESSIVE WEATHER.

The weather continues oppressively hot and the temperature this morning was higher than on any preceding morning of the season. At S A. M. the thermometer indicated 90 in the shade, and before noon the mercury reached 95. The sky is cloudy now and a good breeze prevails, and there are indications of a thunder storm. These continues to be many deaths from sunstroke.

The literary exercises and banquet of the Phi Delta Thata fraternity took place this evening. The grator was Rev. J M. Morrall, of Covington, Ky. Peet, W O. Bates, of Indianapolis.

> Weather Report. WAS DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—1 a. m.

For Tennessee, clear or fair, with ligh outh to west winds and decided change

For Lower Lakes, cooler and partly cloudy weather with light rains near Lake Erie, variable winds and slowly rising barometer.

Israelite Convention.

The Secretary gave bond for \$5,000 and the Treasurer for \$20,000.

Renominated.

in the pays very little deference to puolic opinion in such matters. He consults
mainly his own likes and dislikes, or the
prejudices of a few political favorites immediately around him, in making appointments.

As regards the reasons for the removal
of Postmaster General Jewell, we pretend
not to divine them further than to say

ing, after all that has happened, to take for granted that they relate to the supposed good of the Repub

CONGRESS.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENSER

President Grant Requests Mr. Bristow to Appear as a Wit-MASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.—The following letter was yesterday sent to ex-Secretary Bristow by the President:

THE SILVER BILL.

THE SILVER BILL.

Mr. Payne, from the Conference Committee on the Silver Bill, made a report and proceeded to explain it.

[Norz.—Mr. Payne's explanation on the points of difference was in substance the same as given in the Washington dispatches on Tuesday night.]

Mr. Payne went on to explain that in regard to the proposition to make the silver dollar a legal tender for all debts, public and private, the committee had been unable to agree, but two of the House conferees and all the Senate conferees had recommended the omission from the bill of all that related to the silver dollar. He showed that owing te the extraordinary decline in claring it a legal tender, a most star declaring it a legal tender, a most start-ling proposition and one of a revolution are character. Certainly Congress and the country should wait before the stan dard value of silver was fixed by law Perhaps it could be determined at the next session, but it could not be now. The next session, but it could not be not necessary necessary policy in agree in recommending any policy reference to the silver dollar.

Mr. Lawrence inquired whether Gov rament bonds might properly be paid in ver dollars

Mr. Payne replied that in his opinion

Monday. The Democrats of the Cou-mittee have agreed to propose and pass through the committee a bill repealing the present resumption act, but at the same time to provide some as yet unde-termined method of preparing the treas-ury and the country for resumption. CONPERENCE COMMITTEE ALMOST AGREE. Mr. Payne replied that in his opinion they could legally be paid in silver dollars.

Mr. Landers, one of the House conferees, opposed that part of the report which omitted all reference to the silver dollar, and argued in favor of the restoration of the double standard, which had been the standard of the country from the foundation of the government up to 1867.

Mr. Fort regarded, the pending question as one of demoralization of silver, and assorted the public debt and almost all private debts of the country had been contracted when the standard dollar was a legal tender. The bondholder should be held up to his contract and should be paid in a commodily which he had agreed to accept; but it was said that silver had depreciated. If, however, gold should depreciate through discovery of some great bonanza, what would the gentleman from Ohio (Payne) do, would he in interest of the bondholders say that gold had depreciated and was a dishonest money, and that therefore the bond holders should not be compelled to take their pay in gold but should be paid in diamonds or some other more valuable commodity.

Mr. Bright opposed the adoption of the report and argued that by implied recognition in the Constitution gold and ailver were lawful money of the United States, and that therefore the demonetization of silver was unconstitutional.

Mr. Cox, chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, argued in favor of the adoption of the report, and he suggested that the bill introduced by Mr. Wells, of Missouri, to allow the owners of silver bullion to deposit it in the mint and receive subsidiary silver coin in payment, was a better bill than any of those passed by the House, The conference report was not amendable. If it was not before the House, The conference energy the substantial the issue of silver coin would the conference on would be the succession of the conference of the c The Conference Committee on the Sun The Conference Committee on the Sun-dry Civil Appropriation Bill, reached an agreement on every point of difference between the House and Senate except one, which is the Senate amendment striking out the clause by which the House proposes to repeal the National registration and election law. The indi-cations are that the House conferees will recede from their position on this point to-morrow. SECRETARY ROBESON BEFORE THE NAVAL Before the House Naval Committee to

in the hands of two conterence com-mittees.

Nothing has been done to-day in regard to the diplomatic and consular appro-priation bill. It is not probable that any agreement will be reached concerning the three leat named bills until the Gen-eral principle at issue shall have set tled by an agreenment of the two House in regard to the Legislative executive and judiciary appropriation bills or which the fourth conference committee are making only slow progress towards was not before the House. The conference report was not amendable. It is was adopted the issue of silver coin would be facilitated. If it were not adopted there was no hope for relief this seasion. He might argue with the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Landers) that was cover covernment bonds should be naise. even government bonds should be pai in silver as well as in gold, but he woul Many prominent Congressmen think that an adjournment will take place about next Monday week. Speaker Kerr writes from Rock Alum Springs that he is slowly but surely im-

of that relief?

Mr. Kasson said those who sustained the report démanded that the wages of labor should not be paid in depreciated money. No man dealt honestly with the laborer of the country who didn't propose to pay him for his labor in good, money, On that platform he had stood for fears against all clamors for inflation and all attempts to reduce the money of the United States to the value of that

for disorderly conduct. As the one attempted to march them off the men drew revolvers and shot Elsdon dead and fatally wounded Dickerson. Escaping from the crowd the diseperandoes ran up street to T. W. Dawson's tannery in River street, where they formerly worked. There they called for Mr. Mercer, the foreman who had discharged them, but not finding him they commenced an indiscriminate firing on the shop, resulting in killing John Albus, assistant foreman, and wounding two workmen. The employees turned out en masse, and chased the murderers towards the river. In the pursuit the workmen used stones and knives striking the murderers sevandal murderers s the murderers towards the river. In the pursuit the workmen used stones and knives striking the murderers saveled the river. The latter leaped into the water and attended to excape, but were stoned to least by the outraged workmen. The latter leaped into the saveled into the pital; one man named Fisher is dead by likerson will not recover, and the wounded are in a precarious condition. Albus, Myers and Elsaon leave families. The shoot of the Fishers has a marks of bad cutting about the wrists. In marks of bad cutting about the wrists. Men are now engaged in dragging for the recovered from the river. It shows me marks of bad cutting about the wrists. Men are now engaged in dragging for the recovered from the river. It shows me marks of bad cutting about the wrists. Of the murderers were desperate characters and a shot innoent men out of mere deviltry. During the excitement F. W. Dawson, proprietor of the factory where the fashooting occurred, was robbed of \$2,230 in checks, which he was about to deposit to red men on the force. The deaths now in the command of the workmen is generally commended.

Mr. Blaine's Health Uniunproved

South Carolina, Mackey, of Pennsylvania, McFarland, Morgan, New, Phillips, of Kansas, Poppleton, Rea, Resgon, J. B. Reilly, Riddle, Robinson, Savage, Slem-Reilly, Riddle, Robinson, Savage, Slemons, Sparks, Spencer, Springer, Stevenson, Stone, Terry, Throckmorton, Van Voorhees, Vance, of Ohio, Vance, of North Carolins, Walker, of Virginis, Willard, Williams, of Indiana, Wilson, of West Virginis, and Woodburn.

Mr. Sparks, from the Conference Committee on the Indian Appropriation Bill, reported that the Committee were unable to agree.

graph Company from refusing to pay such dividend.

THE TURE:

Long Branch Races

races. The weather was clear,

and Hurlbut, were reappointed, the Sen ate conferces being also the same. Wait, from the select committee ap

pointed to investigate the charges pre-ferred by White, of Kentucky, against Adams, Clerk of the House, for interfering to influence legislation, reported that there was no foundation whatever for the

there was no foundation whatever for the charge.

Lynde, Lord and Frye were appointed as a Committee of Conference on the bankrupt bill.

Adjourned.

confusion followed, and critically adopted and John Kelley made a speech asking that everything be forgotten except common enemy.

that post. It is not probable that the Indians will make any trouble at the agencies, as there is their only "city of refuge" in case they are whipped.

Agreed to. Mr. Allison said the bill as it came from the House appropriated \$5,872,850; as reported to the Senate by the Committee on Appropriations that bill had been increased to the extent of \$26,314. The first amendment reported by the committee was to strike out of the House bill the clause appropriating \$18,000 for the improvement of the harbor of Dankirk was agreed to. The amendment increasing the appropriation for the improvement of the Arbor of Lisbon Railway Suit. raudient representations regarding the Lisbon Steam Railroad Company. It was test case. The jury gave a verdict for Feoycross for £700, being the amount amendment increasing the appropriation for the improvement of the harbor of Buffalo from \$75,000 to \$100,000 was

its equivalent. Do you say that you can pay them in depreciated silver and atill keep the law of equivalency which was the spirit of the law of 1869? You violate the law when you violate every hear of the law when you violate every hear of the heaton him fully confirms his physician in the belief that the original in the physician in the belief that the original in the strength would bear it he would regard as seasy voyage. The most he hopes for is within the next week to get him removed to the coast some forty miles distant.

Hendricks Notified.

Saratooa, July 13.—Gov. Hendricks was waited on at the Grand Union Hotel to day by Maj. O'Conner, of Tenn., who presented him with a formal notification of the nomination. Gov. Hendricks said that there is given the derstood that he will accept.

It summary action of the work may be the law of 1869? You have feel to sum pay them in depreciated silver and atill keep the law of equivalency. The summary determined to require the amount for the law when you violate every in Begium, has been so flows: Increasing the amount for the improvement of the summary of these metals that there is a grand opportunity to work of jump upon the base for is within the next week to get him removed to the coast some forty miles distant.

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Indian Trouble Brewing from Custar's Defeat.

OMAHA, July 13.—Recent dispatches com the Red Cloud and Spotted Tail

from the Red Cloud and Spotted Tail agencies asy that affairs are very uncertain awing to the recent news of Custar's defeat. The Interior Department is issuing nothing but corn and flour, having failed on beef entirely. The scouting parties have been withdrawn from the road between the agency and Bridger, on the Sidney route. There is still one compared the larger. The commanding offi-

the Sidney route. There is still one company at Bridger. The commanding officer at Robinson thinks that the necessi

FOREIGN NEWS.

London, July 12.—The Bullion in the bank of England increased 786,000 pounds in the past week. The propor-tion of the reserve to the liability is 54 per cent. The bullion that, has gone into the bank on the balance to-day, 245,000 pounds.

ENGLAND

pounds. Austria notified her local authorities yes terday that the ports of Klenk and Laud, and the sea surrounding the insurrec-tionary district are closed. The Turkish Ambassador had a long interview with Count Andrassy on the subject yesterday STRIKES EXPECTED.

Owing to business depression, employ Owing to business depression, employers everywhere propose a reduction of
wages or an increase of working hours
of mill operatives and miners, who in
some, districts are preparing to resist.
Great strikes are apprehended.

EXTRADITION CORRESPONDENCE.

The final correspondence between the
United States and Great Britain on the
everything question including Earl

The final correspondence between the United States and Great Britain on the extradition question, including Earl Derby's note of June 30, is published.

A correspondent writes from Belgrade: An order is published directing that all persons not soldiers attached to any army shall wear amedallion bearing the words: "Milan! King of Servia!" This is the first indicatian of the true intention of Prince Milan. These words are received as having great political meaning, and there can be no doubt the war is for a complete separation. Pillage and robery are flourishing in Servia. The army promiscuously distributed are employed by marauders against farmers and landed proprietors. So many police are with the srmy, that it is with great difficulty the people can resist the attacks of the outlaws. Some of them have been captured and shot without a trial.

Earl Derby in his note essential to the principals of extradition as practiced by England are that a 'person surrendered on an extradition treaty can be tried on no offence except the one for which he is surrendered. This is the proper construction of the treaty of 1840. Her Majesty's government thinks that the act of 1870 is important, but without it it would maintain the same position as the government maintains, the right of asylum until criminality, according to the law of England, is shown. This applies forcibly in the case of political offences. The great objection requiring the evidence not merely establishing an offense called by the range of the folione specified in a treaty, but establishing an offense called by the range of the folione of the worder of the ready of the offence specified in a treaty, but establishing an offense called by the range of the folione of the search of the offence specified in a treaty, but establishing an offense called by the range of the folioner specified in a treaty, but establishing an offense called by the range of the folioner specified in a treaty, but establishing an offense called by the range of the folioner specified in a t

offense called by the name of the offer the surrendering country is to prever the surrender of the person or a charge of a crime of uncertain meaning and of a crime of uncertain meaning and his subsequent trial on facts that consid-ered here would be establishing a polit-ical offense, and not a crime for which the surrender was made The surrendering country must have facts to judge whether the offense is political. Secretary Fish's assurance that no administration dure violate the rights of the political asylum by extradit-

that no administration dare violate the rights of the political asylum by extradiling a prisoner on one charge and trying him for a political offense is not sufficient, as the Attorney General can not interfere when the offense is committed against the law of any one State. The act of Congress, August 12, 1848, chapter 47, section 3, shows the construction put on the treaty by the United States.

Lord Derby briefly reviews the negotiations in 1871, 1872 and 1873, and says that the violation in the case of Heilbrown was not the act of Her Majesty's Government. The Government believes the United States is actuated by a sincere desire to maintain the rights which, in their judgment, are demanded by the treaty of 1842, and they wish the same construction put on England's motives. The note deplores the misunderstanding between the two governments, and says the British Government is ready to join the United States in negotiating a new treaty. ut two starters and was won easy by Voodland, Alton second. Time 1:50%, CINCINNATI, July 13.—This was the econd day of the Chester Park trotting Second race—2:25 class; purse, \$1,306 -\$750 to first horse, \$400 to second, and 150 to third. Frank Reeves won the

At a meeting of the Eric Railway bond and stockholders to-day Receiver Jewelt made a statement of its condition. He said the plan of reorganization submitted by 'Sir Edward Watkins was approved, but asked that one more coupon be funded and a few other concessions. He proposed to lay a third rail from New York to Buffalo, to gradually wear out the old equipment and replace it with marrow gauge equipment. He felt sanguine of the success of the road. Many speeches followed Jewett's. The statement was well received, and Sir Edward Watkins offered a resolution assuring Jewett of support and approving the scheme with the 'modifications desired by the committee. Watkins' ylan mentioned is as follows: That without reducing the The impeachment trial was resumed, but owing to the absence of witness, John S. Evans, Post-trader at Fort Sill, the court adjourned until to-morrow, and the Legislative business was continued.

The Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President transmitting the report from General Sherman and Major-General Terry, in response to call for information in regard to the trouble with the Sioux, it was ordered printed and laid on the table.

Mr. Sherman from the Committee on Finance, reported adversely on the House bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to make allowance for compensation to collectors of Internal Revenue, who went out of the office prior to February 8th 1875 upon final settlements of their accounts.

The bill for the relief of Berthold Lowenthal, of Chicago was reported favorably.

The convented and served the House to the second, when the race was postponed until tomorrow, on account of darkness.

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Edward Cooper February 8th 1876 upon final settlements of the second bonds.

Edward Cooper February 8th 1876 upon final settlements of the second bonds. mittee on Organization.

Edward Cooper Idenounced Kelley's paying alternate coupons on first bonds, paying alternate coupons in gold, and action at St. Louis in fighting and abusing that they should found of the second bonds nine half yearly coupons in a lump, never authorized him to do so, Great confusion followed, and cries of sit down, there where the confusion followed and cries of sit down,

The Liverpool cup was won by Contro-ersy, Professor second, Mintdrop third.

FRANCE.

PANIS, July 13.—The specie in the Bank of France has decreased 11,000,000 francs the past week.

Versatilles July 13.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Duc de Cases, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in replying to M. Blanc in regard to the Eastern affairs, said: The Government wished that France might not be involved in the events abroad in a manner as could possibly hinder the restoration of internal peace. France must intervene in purely a pacific sense. It is our part to associate ourselves with any efforts made to promote an understanding exists and is founded on a basis one cannot but accept with satisfaction namely on non-intervention. This circumstance tends to circumsscribe the conflict to the great advantage of the whole world. France has no special interests in the question and therefore no reason to take an initiative. The honor and interests of France have never been for a moment compromised. The 'ministers statement was loudly applauded.

In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the election of M. Munz was invalidated because of undue clerical influence.

COMMUSITS TARDOMED. ies of the case demands a company at hat post. It is not probable that the

COMMUNISTS PARDONED

An official statement just made pu shows that 249 Communists have been pardoned. Petitions in the cases of 200 have been rejected, and 199 await considerable part of the cases of 200 have been rejected, and 199 await considerable part of the cases of the case of the cases of the cases of the case of the cases of the case of the cases of the cases of the cases of the cases of the case of the cases of the cases of the cases of the cases of the case of the c

TURKEY.

Nosroz, July 13 .- The Porte officially states the defeat with considerable loss of the Montenegrians at Zallan Pass opens that defile and the road to Gotach-

kop. An engagement took place on Wednesday, lasting welve hours. BELGGRADE, July 13.—Gen. Leschjanin, who according to latest reports had pentrated some distance into Pachillia of Widden, yesterday attacked the Turkish ositions and captured several strategical pints. The fighting lasted the whole points. The fighting lasted the model of the Servian loss was small. The Servians pursued the Turks to Widden servians pursued the Turks to Widden the Servians pursued the Servians pursue the service of provisions. and captured a quantity of provisions. The gates of Widden are now closed.

Marine Intelligence. New York, July 13,—Arrived—The teamship St. Lawrens from Havre. MISCELLANEOUS.

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine A GREAT OFFER! During this month

HORACE WATERS & SONS, 481 Broadway, N. Y

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth

20 EXTRA MIXED CARDS, 10 Tints, with name 10 cents, 20 CENTENNIAL CARDS, wit mans, 25 cents, Or 20 ACQUAINTANC CARDS, 10 cents.

Mention paper. Namau Card Co., Namau, Rens, Co., New Xork.

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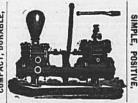
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MORE THAN 8,000 IN USE.

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RETAIL PRICES OF POINTS.

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The process of making this Steel is patented, and

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Pitranuron Plow Works, May 26, 1876 A. T. YOUNG.

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Having completed a course of study in the Phar-nacettical Department of the University of Michi-jan, and having had seven years' experience is one of the best Drug Biores in the city, I am pre-arred to compound Prescriptions in a scientifi-nanner. DE NOTHING BUT STRICTLY PURB

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Lake Herring, Shad,
White Fish,
In Half and Quarter Barrels,
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For mile by LiST, DAVENPORT'A PARKS. TATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

The next term of the West Liberty State Normal The next term of the West Liberty State Normal Thread will open on the THIRD MONDAY IN School will open on the THIRD MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, and will continue fourteen weeks. Send for Catalogue to Cas Wm. B. Curtis, Fresi-lent Executive Committee, West Liberty, West Virginia. J. C. GWYNN, Principal.

en barrels Proctor & Gamble's extra winter ned, Just received by MELIST, DAVENPORT & PARKS.

The Cincinnati Light Guards.

WASHINGTON, July 13. Mr. Mackey offered a resolution for ne adjournment of Congress on the 25th I July. Referred to the Committee on

of July. Refers Way and Means, Mr. Thompson Mr. Thompson, from the Committee on Contested Elections, reported a resolution in the South Carolina contested election case declaring that neither Buts, the contestant, from Mackey, the sitting member, were lawfully elected to Congress. Ordered printed.

to testify, claiming that what occurs in the Cabinet, or between a member of the Cabinet and the Executive officially, is privileged, and that a committee of Congress have no right to demand, an answer. I appreciate the position you have assumed on this question, but been only that you may answer all questions asked relating to it, but wish that all members of my Cabinet, and ex-members of the Cabinet since I have been President, may also be called upon to testify in regard to the saue matters. With great respect,

Your obedient servan,

[Signed] U.S. Grann. to the silver uniar, owing to the extraordinary decline in the prices of silver within the last the prices of silver within the last the weight and meness precioes by a six today worth no more than eighty cents relatively to gold and less than ninety cents relatively to greenhacks. So extermely audden a change in the value of the silver dollar made the proposition of

in silver as well as in gold, but he wond not stop to argue that or other pertinen questions. The real question was whether the report which would furnish silver currency to the people should be adopted or whether the people should be deprived that relief?

In the deepest public disgrace by the alteration of the propositions presented to the House. He argued that since 1833 there had been but one standard of money in this country. The dollar, although it had been unable to agree, and silver. Congress had sought, however, to make the dollar in hoth equivalent to keeping the amount of metal in the other, that the dollar in silver. Every hour, he continued, that we have had a double standard it has been double only on the ground of equivalency, and when by shifting the value. had a double standard it has been double only on the ground of equivalency, and when by shifting the value of the two metals in relation to each other they have metals in relation to each other they have of the metal in one or by decreasing it in the other. It has so happened that by fluctuations forseen in 1873, silver has so depreciated in value that if it were now as thank God it is not—one of our legal forms of payment in all amounts to predictors of the Government, the men to whom we are paying mooper very day.

extent of 21 cents on the dollar when pay-ing them in silver, rather than in gold; or rather to the extent of 10 cents on the or rather to the extent of 10 cents on the dollar when paying them in silver rather than in paper. We are solemnly bound by the act of '60 to pay our bonds in coin or its equivalent. Do you say that you can pay them in depreciated allers and still team the law of equivalency which was

the old shock of 1837, and the later shock of 1857, and again in 1873, put them all together, and the shock of 1867, and again in 1873, put them all together, and the shock of the shock o

INJUNCTION EXPLAINED.

Before Judge Westbrook to-day, W. E.
Case explained the temporary injunction
against L. A. Dowley and the Western
Union Telegraph Company restraining
the former from further continuing any
injunction restraining the payment of
the dividend due upon the 15th inst,
also restraining the Western Union Tele
graph Company from refusing to nav

First race—3:30 class; best 3 in purse, \$1,000—\$600 to first horse, \$300 second, and \$100 to third. The race we won by Charles W. Wooley, Deceptic second, Postboy third. Best time, 232 \$2500 d. rece. 29:50 journ purse. \$1.30 Mr. Allison gave notice that he would call the river and harbor appropriation bill at the earliest opportunity. Mr. Sherman presented the report of the conference committee on the silver bill and asked that it be printed. So or-\$150 to third.

first heat and Blue Mare the second when the race was postponed until to morrow, on account of darkness.

Mr. Allison moved that the Senate post pone the further consideration of thi bill and proceed to the consideration of RIVER AND HARBOR BILL. Agreed to. Mr. Allison said the bill it came from the House appropriat

agreed to; also the amendment increasin the appropriation for removing obstruc-tion in East River and Hell Gate, Ne

LARD OIL.